

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF

MAILING ADDRESS:
CITY AND ZIP CODE:
BRANCH NAME:

SCHOOL NOTIFICATION OF COURT ADJUDICATION
(Welfare & Institutions Code Section 827(b) and Education Code Section 48267)

TO SUPERINTENDENT:

SCHOOL DISTRICT:
MAILING ADDRESS:
CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE:

1. YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that (*child's name*): _____, born on: _____, is currently enrolled in your public school and that under:

- a. Education Code section 48267, the child is in a grade 7 thru 12 and is described by section 602, and a condition of probation requires that the minor attend a school program approved by the probation officer.
- b. Welfare & Institutions Code section 827(b), the child is in a grade kindergarten to grade 12 and was found by court of competent jurisdiction to have committed a felony or misdemeanor involving:
 - (1) gambling (*code section, optional*):
 - (2) alcohol (*code section, optional*):
 - (3) drugs (*code section, optional*):
 - (4) graffiti (*code section, optional*):
 - (5) carrying of weapons (*code section, optional*):
 - (6) a sex offense listed in section 290 of the Penal Code (*code section, optional*):
 - (7) assault or battery (*code section, optional*):
 - (8) larceny (*code section, optional*):
 - (9) vandalism (*code section, optional*):
 - (10) distribution of tobacco products (*code section, optional*):

2. THE COURT-ORDERED DISPOSITION of the child's case is (*complete only for Welf. & Inst. Code, § 827(b)*):

- a. wardship probation
- b. Division of Juvenile Facilities (DJF aka DJJ) commitment
- c. nonwardship probation
- d. Other:

Date: _____
CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

For more information, contact the probation officer for the child.

WARNING: UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS A MISDEMEANOR

Any information received from this court is to be kept in a separate confidential file at the school of attendance. This record must be destroyed upon the child's graduating from high school, reaching the age of 18, or being released from court jurisdiction, whichever occurs first.

FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS

This form serves two purposes. It is primarily designed to provide the notice required by Welfare and Institutions Code section 827(b). The form can also be used to provide notice under Education Code section 48267. In addition, the form can be used to provide notice under both. If the form is providing notice for both section 827(b) and section 48267, the rules of section 827(b) on its dissemination, listed below, should be followed.

PURPOSE AND DISSEMINATION UNDER EDUCATION CODE SECTION 48267

Education Code section 48267 requires that if the child is in a grade from 7 to 12, the juvenile court must notify the superintendent of the child's school district when the child is described by section 602 and a condition of probation requires attendance in a school program approved by the probation officer.

If the form is being used to provide notice under Education Code section 48267, the juvenile court must provide the written notice to the superintendent of the school district of attendance within seven days of the disposition order, which must be expeditiously transmitted to the principal or to one person designated by the principal of the school that the minor is attending. The principal or the principal's designee must not disclose this information to any other person except as otherwise required by law.

PURPOSE AND DISSEMINATION UNDER WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE SECTION 827(b)

Welfare and Institutions Code section 827(b) requires that when a child is found to have committed a felony or misdemeanor for certain offenses, the court must send this form to inform the school of the underlying offense and the outcome of the case. The form is intended to encourage communication between the courts, law enforcement, and schools to ensure rehabilitation of the child and to promote public safety.

Juvenile court proceedings and information related to the case are confidential, and disclosure of this form is governed by the rules of confidentiality found in Welfare and Institutions Code section 827. Information related to a child's juvenile case is strictly confidential; the disclosure on this form is a limited exception. It is to be provided only to select individuals in the child's school district. An intentional violation of these rules is a misdemeanor.

Welfare and Institutions Code section 827(b) provides specific instructions for the school on how the form should be disseminated when it is sent by the court:

- 1 The court will send this form to the district superintendent of the child's school district.
- 1 The district superintendent must expeditiously transmit it to the principal at the school of attendance.
- 1 The principal must then expeditiously disseminate the information to those counselors directly supervising or reporting on the behavior or progress of the child. In addition, the principal must disseminate the information to any teachers or administrators directly supervising or reporting on the behavior or progress of the child, if the principal believes they need the information to work with the child in an appropriate fashion or to promote school safety.

Any information received from the court by a teacher, counselor, or administrator must be received in confidence for the limited purpose of rehabilitating the child and protecting students and staff.

A teacher, counselor, or administrator who receives the information in the form must *not* disclose the information or disseminate the form unless it is communication with the child, his or her parents or guardians, law enforcement personnel, or the juvenile probation officer and is necessary to effectuate the child's rehabilitation or to protect students and staff.

An intentional violation of the confidentiality provisions of Welfare and Institutions Code section 827(b) is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.

If a child is removed from public school because of the court's finding described in this form, the superintendent must maintain the information in a confidential file and must defer transmitting the form received from the court until the child is returned to public school. If the child is returned to a school district other than the one from which the child came, the parole or probation officer having jurisdiction over the child must notify the superintendent of the last district of attendance, who must transmit the notice received from the court to the superintendent of the new district of attendance.

The form is required to be destroyed when the child graduates from high school, reaches the age of 18, or is released from court jurisdiction, whichever occurs first. At any time after the form is required to be destroyed, the child or his or her parent or guardian has the right to make a written request to the principal of the school to review the child's school records to verify that the form has been destroyed. After this requested review, the principal or his or her designee must respond in writing to the written request and either confirm or deny that the form has been destroyed, or explain why destruction has not yet occurred.